Let's make it using wireless power supply!

What to use

-Experimental kit set



What to prepare

When making a lantern

- -Bottle (with a lid not made of metal)
- -Decorative accessories (things that do not contain metal)



It is dangerous, so be sure to unplug the

power when preparing or not using it.



When making a lantern



1) Attach adhesive to the . *Double-sided tape is also OK



2) Glue it to the inside of the petri dish and let it dry





3) The power transmission pedestal is completed by placing the coil on top!



4) Decorate freely with non-metal stickers and

5) Put the prepared decorative items into

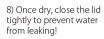
(it will shine beautifully)







7) the coil with power receiving LED to the lid





9) Complete! Let's display



You can make a variety of things by applying what you learned from experiments and how to make lanterns!



astronomical observation set



glowing stirrer



glitter hourglass



treasure hunt game



glowing doll



glowing accessories



glowing model decoration



glowing snow globe



Do you know anything that uses wireless power transfer near you? With this kit, you can learn how wireless power transfer works. Let's try an experiment to find out why electricity can pass even if you don't touch it!

! Precautions for use Please be sure to read before use (For parents, please be sure to read)

-This product is designed for educational purposes. Please do not incorporate it into actual products.

-Children under 9 years old must be supervised by a parent or guardian when performing experiments.

-Small parts are contained. Never put them in your mouth.

-Please be sure to disconnect the power during production.

-Do not remove the cover covering the power transmission board. There is a risk of

-The power transmission board is not waterproof, so never put it in water.

-It does not support charging of smartphones, so please keep them away from it.

- -If you turn on the power without a coil attached, the power transmission section will generate heat. Be sure to connect the power supply with the coil attached.
- -Do not place any metal objects within 5 cm around the power transmission coil. There is a risk of overheating.

In the event of an abnormality, the protection circuit will stop the operation and the power receiving LED coil will not light up.

In that case, wait for a while after unplugging the power, then check that the coil is attached properly and that there is no metal around it, and then connect it again.

Kit contents

- 1) plastic plate
- ② Tx(Transmitter) coil
- 3 coil wire
- 4 Rx(receiver) coil LED (5 pcs)
- (5) Oscillator of Tx Coil

(do not use without coil connected)

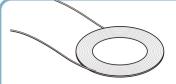


Things to prepare: For experiment

- Cylindrical (used for winding coils)
- tape
- ·coil wire
- Paper (used as a mount for pasting the coil)
- •Double-sided tape (wide type is recommended)
- writing utensils
- •USB power adapter (maximum output 1A or more)

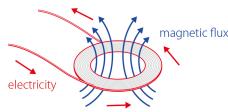
Please prepare the parts according to the product.

What is wireless power supply?



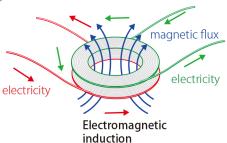
To send electricity, you need to connect a cord to send electricity. "Wireless" means "without wires," and "wireless power transfer" refers to a technology that allows electricity to be transmitted without the use of wires or cords.





Wireless power transfer does not use a wire cord, but instead uses a "coil." magnetic flux A coil is a spirally wound wire that conducts electricity, and when electricity passes through the coil, it creates a magnetic field (a space where a magnetic force is generated). The magnetic field changes depending on the direction of electricity flow, and the direction and strength of this magnetic field is expressed as "magnetic flux."

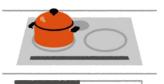
When the coils get close to each other



When Tx(Transmitter) coil and Rx(Reciver) coil are brought close together, the magnetic flux inside the receiving coil changes, causing electricity to flow to the receiving coil. By changing the energy from "electricity" -> "magnetic flux" -> "electricity", electricity can be transmitted without physical contact. This phenomenon is called "electromagnetic induction."



An example of a product that uses electromagnetic induction technology is an IH cooking heater. IH uses eddy currents that are generated when magnetic flux passes through metal. As the name suggests, eddy current is an electric current that creates swirls, and when this current flows through the metal of the pot, it generates heat. So be careful not to place any metal near the coil. It can get hot and cause injuries and accidents!



Let's experience wireless power supply!

Prepare the RX coil to send electricity with Using the kit

First, connect the RX coil to the oscillator box.

5 power transmission board

It is used by connecting the board coil



While pressing the tab on the connector, insert the power transmission coil and release the tab to secure it

Attach a USB power supply to the USB side.



with power receiving LED

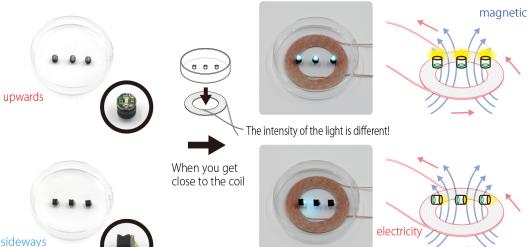
It has an LED and a small coil

1 plastic plate

I use it as a power transmission pedestal in crafting.

Experiment 1: Let's light up the LEDs!

The LED coil contains a small coil, so the way it lights up changes depending on how it receives magnetic flux from the power transmission coil. Place the coil with LED on the pedestal and try it out!



If it doesn't light up, turn off the power and check if the coil wire and connector are firmly fixed. It's dangerous, so be sure to unplug the power when the coil is not attached.

magnetic flux

The stronger the light, the more magnetic flux is passing through the receiving coil. The amount and direction of magnetic flux changes depending on the location, so the light will be weaker in the distance and at the edges.

If the receiving coil (coil with LED) is oriented horizontally, it becomes difficult for the magnetic flux to pass through the coil, so the light will be weaker than when it is oriented upwards.

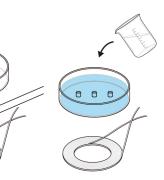
Experiment 2: Will the LED light up even in this situation?!

We know that wireless power transfer passes through the air, but is it possible to transmit electricity even if there is something else between the coils? Also, will the LED light up even under water?

*Do not put it in liquids other than water.







It's dangerous, so be sure to unplug the power when the coil is not attached.



Don't try this on metal, as it may get hot or cause the power transmission board to malfunction if it comes close to metal!

It's dangerous, so be sure to unplug the power

when the coil is not attached.

Experiment 3: Make your own coil!



1) Prepare a coiled wire and a cylindrical object.

to make with the coil.



(2) Wrap the coil around the outside of the tube.



3 After winding the coil, remove it from the tube and secure it with tape



4 Let's try replacing it with the power transmission board and see if the LED lights up!



①Draw the shape you want ②Paste the double-sided tape on the picture and paste the coil from above.



③Try rolling it a few times to fit the shape.



4 Let's replace it with the power transmission board and turn on the power. Will the LED light up?